Subsection 4.-Other Federal Government Programs

Unemployment Insurance and National Employment Service.—In 1940, by an amendment to the British North America Act, the Federal Government was given jurisdiction in the field of unemployment insurance and the Unemployment Insurance Act was passed, establishing a national system of unemployment insurance which is outlined in Chapter XVII.

The National Employment Service is operated in conjunction with the unemployment insurance scheme. It is administered through the employment and claims offices and supervised by the Department of Labour. This program is also described in Chapter XVII.

Prairie Farm Assistance.—The Prairie Farm Assistance Act is administered by the Department of Agriculture; *u* description of the legislation is given in Chapter X.

Welfare Services for Indians and Eskimos.—The welfare of Indians and Eskimos is administered by the Department of Citizenship and Immigration and the Department of Resources and Development, respectively; this field is covered in the Population Chapter, pp. 151 and 152.

Section 2.—Federal-Provincial Programs

Subsection 1.-Old Age Assistance

The Old Age Assistance Act (R.S.C. 1952, c. 199), effective January 1952, provides for federal financial aid to the provinces for assistance, not exceeding \$40 a month, to persons aged 65 or over subject to a residence qualification of at least 20 years. The payment of old age security commencing at age 70, makes old age assistance effective from ages 65 to 69. Within the limits of the federal Act each province is free to fix the amount of the maximum assistance payable, the maximum income allowed and other conditions of eligibility. The Federal Government's contribution per recipient cannot exceed 50 p.c. of \$40 per month or of the assistance paid, whichever is less.

For an unmarried person the total income allowed, including assistance, cannot exceed \$720 a year; for a married couple, \$1,200 a year; where the spouse is blind within the meaning of the Blind Persons Act, the total income of the couple cannot exceed \$1,320 a year. The exact pension payable in each case depends on the amount of outside income and the resources of the applicant and his spouse. To be eligible for assistance the applicant must not be in receipt of an allowance under the Blind Persons Act or the War Veterans Allowance Act. The applicant must have resided in Canada for at least 20 years immediately preceding the commencement of the assistance, but may have certain temporary absences; where the applicant has not so resided for the 20 years he must have been physically present in Canada, prior to the 20 years, for a total period equal to twice the total of the absences during the 20 years.

Implementation of the program in any province is contingent upon the province passing enabling legislation and signing an agreement with the Federal Government. The program became effective in January 1952 in all areas except Newfoundland, Yukon Territory and the Northwest Territories where the effective date was Apr. 1, 1952. The maximum assistance is \$40 per month in all provinces and territories, except in Newfoundland where it is \$30 per month.